

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

VOL. XIX.—No 1068.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1866.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

THIS paper is published twice a week, at Three Dollars and a half per annum, paid in advance, or Four Dollars at the end of the year.

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

TABERN, STORAGE & COMMISSION.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has lately opened a house of ENTERTAINMENT in Mayville, (Limestone) at the sign of the SQUARE & COMPASS. The house is commodious, the stable extensive, and both are furnished with every thing necessary for the accommodation of travellers and others, who may think proper to favor him with a call. He is provided with a large and convenient WARE HOUSE, for the reception of goods, equal, if not superior to any in the place. He will also make SALES upon COMMISSION, for those who may have any thing to transact in that way, which will be done, together with the charges for storage, upon the most reduced terms. He flatters himself, that from the experience he has had in mercantile transactions, attention to business, and a desire to be useful, to merit a part of the public patronage.

SAML. JANUARY.

WEISIGER'S TAVERN,

Frankfort, Kentucky.



The Subscriber, respectfully informs the public, that he has taken possession of his house, lately occupied by Cap. Phillip Bush, and known by the sign of

THE EAGLE.

Grateful for the very liberal encouragement which he has experienced on former occasions, he is determined that no exertion, expense, or attention shall be wanting, to promote the accommodation of those who may please to favour him with their custom. His house is large, and his rooms are commodious. He has a variety of liquors of the first quality, and his table is plentifully supplied with the best viands that the season affords.

To his beds particular attention shall be paid. He has a spacious stable, abundantly furnished with corn, oats & hay, and an attentive hollier to attend it. Gentlemen may at any time be furnished with private rooms, free from the noise of the tavern.

Danl. Weisiger.

April 9th, 1866.

CUT NAIL MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a NAIL MANUFACTORY, in the town of Mayville, on Water Street, next door to Mr. John Armstrong's store, where they manufacture all kinds of Cut Nails & Sprigs. Also, have on hand, a general assortment of Wrought Nails, Sashers' Tacks, Dorseys' Barr Iron, Window Glass, Hollow Ware, &c., which they intend to sell at the Pittsburgh prices with the addition of carriage, for cash or approved notes.

William Porter Jun. & Co.



Doctors Fishback & Dudley,

HAVE commenced partnership the practice of Medicine, surgery, &c. in Lexington. By their skill in those professions, and attention to business, they hope to merit a share of the public confidence.

May 20, 1866.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

Jessamine County vs. July term 1866. Richard Welf, Complainant, against George Alcorn, Moser Reynolds and Wm. Alcorn, defendants.

IN CHANCERY

THE defendant William Alcorn, having failed to enter his appearance here in agreeably to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered by the court, that the said William do appear here on the third day of our next October Term, and answer the complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed against him. And that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper according to law.

A Copy. Teste, S. H. Woodson, clk.

BILLS OF LADING

For sale at this office.

Edo. M. Bibb,

WILL continue to exercise his profession of counsel and attorney at law, in those circuit courts in which he has heretofore practiced, and in the court of appeals, and court of the United States, for the Kentucky district.

RICHARD TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a House of Entertainment, in that large and commodious brick house lately occupied by Mr. John Instone, in Frankfort; where he is supplied with the best of liquors and provisions of every kind. His stable is well furnished with forage, and an attentive ostler. From the arrangements made to accommodate his visitors, and the attention that will be paid them, he flatters himself he will share the public favour.

Frankfort, October 24, 1865.

MOORE'S INN.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has lately opened a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT, in the house lately occupied by Docts. Barry and Boswell, and immediately opposite the court house in Paris, where he is prepared to accommodate all such gentlemen as may please to favor him with their custom. He is constantly supplied with the most genuine liquors of every kind, his beds attended to with care, and from the size of his stable, he is in hopes to render it as commodious as any other in the place; he is determined to keep on hand an excellent stock of hay, oats, and corn, together with a faithful, sober ostler. I flatter myself under these impressions, on meeting with the patronage of a generous public.

I am the public's humble servant, Zedekiah Moore.

Paris, May 9th, 1866.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has taken the shop adjoining Mr. P. Bain's house, where he still continues the Painting and Gilding Business, to which he will add the Mending, making, and framing of Looking Glasses; He will also have an elegant assortment of Gilt Picture Frames.

The subscriber has likewise on hand an assortment of EARTHEN WARE.

W. Mentelle.

May 20, 1866.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I shall attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Madison county, agreeably to an act entitled an act to reduce into one the several acts to ascertain the boundaries and for partitioning lands, on the thirtieth day of August next, to take the depositions of several witnesses to ascertain the special calls of an entry made by John Mounce, of 400 acres, on a pre-emption warrant, lying on Hays's fork of Silver creek, in the aforesaid county, and to do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary, to establish the calls of said entry according to law.

John Kincaid.

1st June, 1866. 3W SHW

FOR SALE,

A likely Negro Woman and child—enquire of the subscriber, living in Winchester, Clarke county.

GEO. WEBB.

July 28, 1866. 3W

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living on the head of Jessamine creek in Jessamine county, on the 23d of June, a negro man named PETER, about 43 or 44 years of age, slender made, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, of an uncommon build, lively walk, rather of a down look when spoken to. I will give ten dollars if taken in the state, & all reasonable charges if delivered to me; or if taken out of the state twenty dollars and all reasonable charges.

James Cogger.

July 9, 1866. tf. pd. 3s.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, will dispose of his FARM, three and a half miles south-west of Lexington, containing about 300 acres, part of the late Col. Campbell's military survey; about 100 acres cleared, with good buildings, orchards, &c. &c. Also, 200 acres, lying about four miles west of Lexington, part of Col. Hite's military survey, with a small improvement thereon. For terms apply to the subscriber.

Richd. Higgins.

28th May, 1866.

FOR SALE,

A LIKELY young NEGRO WOMAN, well acquainted with house work—enquire of the Printer.

1st August, 1866.

JOHN DOWNING,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to keep a house of ENTERTAINMENT.

in that commodious frame house, on Main Street, opposite the Court house, at the sign of

THE BUFFALO;

where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers, and others who may please to call on him, in the best manner. He is well provided with a variety of the best liquors his Bedding and other accommodations will be furnished equal to any in the Western Country. His Stable is well supplied with Hay, Oats, and Corn, and his Ostler particularly attentive, and careful. Those who are so obliging as to call on him, may rest assured that they shall receive the greatest attention, and every exertion will be made to make their situation agreeable. Private parties may be accommodated with a room undisturbed by the bustle of a tavern.

Lexington, April 20.

15 Tons

KENTUCKY CASTINGS, For sale. Hemp and Tobacco will be taken in payment, deliverable before the first of March next.

LEWIS SANDERS.

July 26, 1866. 4W

KENTUCKY,

in the Circuit Court, June Term, 1866. William Porter Complainant, vs. John Breckinridge &c. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the complainant by his counsel—it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant Isaac Robinson is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next September term, and answer the complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed; and that a copy of this order be published in some authorized paper according to law.

A Copy. Teste,

THOS. BODLEY, c. r. c. c.

A HANDSOME SEAT

FOR SALE.

30 Acres of first rate Land, lying on Boone's creek, Clarke county, about 11 miles east of Lexington, being part of the late Col. David Robinson's military Ryefield tract, about 60 acres cleared, and under tolerable good fence, with three never failing springs of excellent water, and rock water in abundance the season throughout; a good peach orchard, and two dwelling houses, with other cabins adjoining. Gentlemen wishing to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

WM. ROBINSON JR.

State of Kentucky—Jessamine county

to wit—July Term, 1866.

John P. Lawton, and Eleanor his wife, William Sullivan, and Polly his wife, James M'Clure, and Andrew M'Clure, an infant under the age of twenty-one, by William Sullivan his guardian, heirs and devisees of Andrew M'Clure, deceased, Compls.

Samuel M'Clure, and John M'Clure, executors of the last will and testament of Andrew M'Clure, deceased, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Samuel M'Clure, having failed to enter his appearance here in agreeably to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—On motion of the complainants by their counsel—it is ordered by the court, that the said Samuel M'Clure appear here on the third day of our next October Term, and answer the complainants' bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed against him; and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper according to law.

A Copy. Teste,

SAML. H. WOODSON CLK.

State of Kentucky—Jessamine county

to wit—July term 1866.

John Young, complainant, against John Rector, Argyle Taylor and James Torbit, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant John Rector having failed to enter his appearance here in agreeably to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—On motion of the complainant by his counsel—it is ordered, that the said John Rector do appear here on the third day of our next October Term, and answer the complainants' bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed against him; and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper according to law.

Teste, SAML. H. WOODSON CLK.

A great variety of

PAMPHLETS

For sale at this office.

Lexington Ken. July 19.

MRS. BECK,

WITH the greatest respect, informs her friends and the public that her BOARDING SCHOOL & ACADEMY, is closed till the first of September next, when it will open on the usual terms viz. For board, including all the English branches, \$150 per annum, or 200 if music be added, to be paid quarterly, and no young lady to enter for less than six months. Without board, the terms are from \$3 to \$30 per quarter, according to the number of branches taught. For further particulars enquire at her Academy, next door to the Post Office.

DOCTOR JOSEPH BOSWELL,

has removed to his farm, seven miles east of Lexington, near the Rev. A. Dudley's; where he will practice Medicine in all its different branches. He has on hand a large quantity of Genuine Medicine, which he will sell by whole sale or retail.

He also offers for sale, two hundred and sixty-eight acres of first rate

MILITARY LAND,

near Hornbeck's mill Clarke county, a part of Col. Nathaniel Gist's survey.—He will take Cash or Young Negroes for it.

to Fayette county, 10th Feb. 1866.

Dr. WALTER WARFIELD,

Will practice

Physic and Surgery,

In Lexington, and its vicinity. He keeps his shop in the house lately occupied by Doctors Brown and Warfield.

Lexington, Feb. 19, 1866.

ALEXANDER PARKER

Has just imported from Philadelphia, and opened at his store in Lexington, (on Main Street, opposite the Public Square)

A very extensive and elegant assortment of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HARD WARE,

QUEEN'S GLASS & CHINA

WARES.

Also, the best imported

Bar Iron and Castings,

Assorted, which he will sell on the most moderate terms for cash, hemp, salt and country made sugar.

Lexington, May 23, 1866.

J. D. MACCOUN,

has received from Philadelphia,

and now opening at their Store on Main Street, opposite the Public Square,

An Extensive Assortment of

MERCHANDISE & STATI-

ONARY,

Which, with a constant supply of best

Pennsylvania

BAR IRON & CASTINGS, &

NAILS.

From their Nail Manufactory, will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash in hand.

Among their Books are the following.

—VIZ:—

Cunningham's Law Dictionary, Bacon's Abridgment, Hawkins's Pleas of the Crown, Impey's Practice, Hale's Common Law, Blackstone's Commentaries, with Christian's Notes, Washington's Reports, Call's do. Vesey Junior's do. Henry Blackstone's do. Coke's do. Burrows's do. Cowper's do. Story's Pleasings, Macnally's Evidence, Barton's Treatise on Equity, Fonblanque on do. Potier on Obligations, Powell on Contracts, Kaines's Law Tracts, do. Principles of Equity, The English Pleader, Pleader's Militant, Espinal's, Wentworth's Executor, Roper on Wills, Jones on Bailment, Chitty on Bills of Exchange, Fitzherbert's Natura Brevium, Lilly's Entries, Brown on Equality, Becaria on Crimes, The Federalist, Curran's Speeches, Moore's Anacreon, Sanfon's Letters from Italy, Abbe Barthelmy's Travels in Italy, Rolfe's Lorenzo de Medici, Hool's Arcolio, Gifford's Translation of Juvenal, Darwin's Life, The Life of Genl. Moreau, Moreau's St. Domingo, Barrow's Travels in Africa, Moore's Travels through France, Germany, &c. Carr's Stranger in France, Residence in France, Smith's Wealth of Nations, Interesting Anecdotes, do. Memoirs, Spectator, Don Quixotte, Gilblas de Santelme, Helsham's Philosophy, Paley's do. do. Evidence of Christian Religion, Davis's Sermons, Doddridge's Paraphrase, Carey's Family Bible, latest edition. Also the best approved Classic and Scientific Authors, for the use of Schools, with a variety of other Books too tedious to enumerate.

They have likewise contracted for a few thousand copies of the new improved edition of WEBSTER'S SPELLING BOOK, containing twenty-four pages more than the present one in use; to be printed in Lexington, from the standing types composed in Philadelphia. Orders from one to one hundred dozen, can, in a few weeks after this time, be filled on the shortest notice, and at a lower price, than they can be imported from Philadelphia. Also the following Books of Kentucky manufacture, will be furnished on the same low terms, to wit: The American Orator, Kentucky Preceptor, American do. School Geography, Guthrie's Arithmetic, Wilson's, Lytle's, Harrison, and Murray's Grammars, Blank Books, &c. &c. &c. * * * Subscribers for Carey's Family Bibles are requested to call and receive them.

Lexington, May 10.

Just Received by

WILKINS & TANNEHILL,

And now opening in the store formerly occupied by Charles Wilkins, opposite the court house, and for sale by the package, viz.

10 bbls. 4th proof Cognac Brandy,
10 — Jamaica Spirits,
10 — Madeira L. P.
10 — Sherry,
4 — Colmanar,
4 — Port,
8 — Pepper,
10 — Brimstone,
6 — Allum,
15 — Coppcras,
10 — Ginger,
10 — Madder,
8 — Chocolate,
50 boxes Segars,
1 case containing Nutmegs, Cloves,
Mace and Cinnamon,
Logwood,
10 boxes Young Hyson, } TEAS
10 do Hyson Skin,
35 bbls. Coffee and Loaf Sugar,
Raisins in kegs.

The above articles will be disposed of at a moderate advance, by the barrel or package, for Cash or Negotiable Notes at 60 days. A supply of GROCERIES, &c. will be regularly received from Philadelphia, which will enable us to furnish store keepers, or others, upon the lowest terms.

W. & T.

REMOVAL.

JAMES WIER,

HAS removed his Store to the apartment in Mr. Lewis Sanders's large brick house, nearly opposite Mr. Bradford's printing office; where he is opening a large assortment of GOODS, just arrived from Philadelphia—consisting of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARD WARE,
QUEEN'S GLASS & CHINA WARE.

And will be sold very low for Cash, or suitable produce.

He has also received per the Barge Ann, from New Orleans,

40 Barrels of Louisiana Sugar,

10 do. Loaf do.

1020 Bottles Bordeaux Claret,

6 emi-jobs Sbrub & Lime Juice,

20 Cwt. Campeachy Logwood,

500 lb. Blistered Steel,

To be sold by the quantity, on a credit of 60 and 90 days.

Cash will be given for

Good Merchantable Hemp.

Lexington, July 25, 1866.

TO BE SOLD.

ON Friday the 10th day of September next, that VALUABLE PLANTATION, where Martin Sidenor sen'r died, containing 241 1-2 acres of first rate Land, lying in Fayette County, on the waters of Little North Elkhorn, 12 miles from Lexington, 9 from Georgetown, and 8 from Paris, with about 100 acres of land cleared, and under fence, with a hewed Log house 31 feet long and 21 wide, 2 story high, 2 good stone chimneys, and an excellent kitchen with a stone chimney; a Log Barn 62 feet by 22; 1000 ft. house 43 feet by 27, a stone spring house and a never failing spring. All these buildings are in good repair, with an excellent Peach orchard, and some Apple trees. Three parts of the purchase money is to be paid down, and for the rest a credit of twelve months will be given by giving Bond and good approved Security, for which we will give a general warrantee Deed. Immediate possession can be given; any person willing to see the said Land before the day of sale, it will be shown to them by George P. Sidenor, living near the said Land. The sale to begin by 11 o'clock, where due attention will be given by us.

gi MARTIN SIDENOR, Jr. Exrs.

GEORGE P. SIDENOR

August 15, 1866. tdf.

My House at the Sulphur Well

Is ready for the accommodation of visitors. The benefit received from the water of this well, by those who have visited it for their healths, will entitle it to rank among the first watering places in the state.

JOHN M. C. LL.

Sulphur Well, 11 miles east of Lexington, Kentucky.

August 2, 1866.

THE PUBLIC DINNER

Will be on Thursday the 28th of August, at the Sulphur Well, and be continued every Thursday two weeks after, throughout the watering season—besides those who formerly attended, with the addition of others.

JOHN MCALL,

Sulphur Well, August 16, 1866.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at this office,

THE MONITOR.

By Archibald Cameron, minister of the gospel.

Lexington, May 10.

LETTER

To the Editor by Allan B. Magruder, Agent of the United States, for the investigation of land claims in the western country of Lower Louisiana.

[CONCLUDED.]

I have reasons to believe, that most of the land titles here, will be confirmed by Congress. It is the object of an equitable and enlightened government rather to consult the happiness of the citizen in deciding upon his claims, than to acquire large portions of public lands, by oppressive laws, or rigid adjudications. In this case, the purchaser will, in most cases, be sure of procuring a fee simple estate. It is true, that none of those long and ruinous litigations, with respect to real property, in many parts of the United States, may be apprehended here.

The best lands, with the most undoubted titles, can be procured in most parts of the country, upon the lowest and most desirable terms. Most of these are situated upon navigable water courses, which interlock with streams of superior magnitude, that five hundred acres of land, even in a commonly advantageous situation, in many parts of the Western States, would yield a sufficient fund for the purchase of five hundred acres a piece, for a family of six or seven children, in Lower Louisiana.

The above described lands, will yield to the hand of cultivation, profitable crops of cotton, rye, oats, hay, grafs of various kinds, tobacco, particularly suitable for the Dutch, the French and the Baltic markets, and indigo; all of which will flourish well upon portions of ground, selected from the general mass of territory, best adapted to the nature of each of those commodities. Our principal staples here, however, are cotton and cattle. The raising of these, far exceeds, in point of profit, every other article that is produced in the country. In good seasons, a negro man will yield from his labour on a cotton plantation, from two hundred and fifty to three hundred dollars, nett profit. The stock of a cotton estate will double itself every three years, the stock of a vachery, every four years. Cotton, at market, will average one year with another, from twenty to twenty-five dollars per hundred. A man is growing wealthy, when he receives fifteen dollars per hundred every year, at market. Bees will average from ten to twelve dollars per head. Nothing can be more valuable than this kind of property. There are men here, who mark every year, from five to fifteen hundred calves; and this remarkable product is attended with such little expence, that it is too trifling to admit into our calculations on this subject. Cows, except barren ones, are never sent to market; but the male beeves, at proper periods, are selected from the herd, and driven by hand to markets that are always ready to receive them.

There is no country in America, so suitable to a young beginner, or a man in moderate circumstances, as the Western parts of Lower Louisiana. This description of men, have nothing more to do, to fix themselves comfortably in life, than to purchase a small piece of land on the edge of a prairie, and go to plowing immediately for corn, or cotton. It is true, that in many places, fencing will be necessary. The mode of laying out lands in this country, will always enable him to procure a plenty of the best timber, for all the purposes of a plantation. Very large crops, however, have been made, in such situations, without any kind of enclosure. The next object of a planter in this respect, would be, to purchase a few cows, in order to lay the foundation of a vachery. To support this vachery, as I observed before, as well as a sufficient number of horses, very little trouble or expence is necessary. The prairies and the woodlands, at every season of the year, yield an ample supply of strong provender, to keep them in tolerable order.

Society here, is agreeable, but not very refined. It will become

more improved every year; and I have no difficulty in believing, that whenever the singular advantages of this charming country are known to our countrymen, that it will assume the most desirable form, in point of social happiness; become the resort of men of letters and character; the abode of genius and the arts, and the asylum of republican virtue, when corrupt societies have forgotten its influence.

For the Kentucky Gazette.

MR. EDITOR;

By giving the following Poem a place in your paper, you will much oblige

PHILO OSSIAN.

SONG OF SCRUTINA,

After the manner of Ossian.

ARGUMENT.

The Poem commences with a meeting of the faction who gave birth to the Western World, to meditate further evil—it then discloses the confusion they were thrown into by reading the publication of William Littlell;—The Poet then relates the conversations between the leaders of the faction, and the ostensible Editors, which concludes the Poem.

Hark! 'Tis the dismal sound that echoes from thy roof, O Hypocritus! The great conclave is met, to further the works of wickedness; their voices resound through the gloomy hall of faction, like the roaring winds of the cavern—Loud were the cries for the *genius of Federalism*, but thy voice, O William, rendered the walls like the torrent that gusheth from the mountain side. Hypocritus leaped from his seat and screamed—the friends of *Federalism* hung their heads—How were the mighty fallen!—Lift up thy face, O Street, like the brazen shield of thy chieftain! Thou art bold to confront disgrace, and shame is not known to thy brow—but tender is the fame of thy leader, who droopeth his head like a faded lily—leave not Hypocritus in the day of defeat, when the people of the country fly from him, like the herd from the galled deer. The friends of Hypocritus are fled—he is alone—he layeth himself down in despair, and sleep knitteth up his brow.—Soft were his dreams, when thinking on his deep laid plots. Lo! the grim ghost of Wood arose, pale as the mist of the moon—Crooked was his short square form—his eyes scowled as he whispered to his leader on the couch. "Rise, (he sayeth,) arise bright leader of the fable conclave—the shadow of *Federalism* shall cover thee, like the wings of the hen, sweet chicken of the motley brood—Heed not the change in the minds of the multitude—they have fled from thee, like cackling geese from the hard-biting fox; but will they not rally and return to the charge? Let the host of *Federalism* be numbered; they are still mighty as the flocks on the mountain." Streets came forth from the gloom—troubled was his mind, as the waves of the watery deep—He struck to notes of consolation for his chief. "I behold thee, chief of *Federalism*! I behold thee sitting on the mist!! Thy form is like a watery cloud, singing in the deep like an oyster!! Thy face is like the beams of the setting moon!! Thy eyes are of two decaying flames! Thy nose like the spear of thy hero!! Thy ears are like two boffy shields!! Strangers shall rejoice in thy chin! The ghosts of dead Tories shall hear me in their airy hall!!"

Hypocritus rose from his couch! His frame shivered like the loosened sail to the wind—the blood chilled in his veins—his eyes were like the twinkling stars. He spoke—his voice was like the hollow wind. "No more will I sing the delusive song of hope: for behold the potent spirit of William—'Tis Street and Wood who worketh the works of darkness!" "Hither we come," said his imp— "Like the moles of the earth—Deep caverns have been our resting places—Ground-rats our food. Sacred minion of *Federalism*, raise thy soul—droop not at the spirit of William. Great are thy foes in the fight of the many-tongued war. Shake not thy knees, like the leaves of the Aspen, on the misty hill—the doors of retreat are shut. But potent is the breath of calumny!—before it, the voice of thy foes is as the wind, which whisteth through the vale; it passeth away like the swift cloud of the night!! The breath of *Federalism* stilleth the raging storm—Whilst thou breathest the breath of his nostrils, thou shalt live forever. Firm standeth thy heel in the temple of Hypocrisy—Mighty art thou with the father of lies, illustrious leader

of the friends of *Federalism*! Great art thou, O lovely imp of the fable conclave! O lovely guardian of the Aristocratical Junta!"

From the Charleston Courier.

The following brief sketch of Bonaparte, is copied from a late European publication; and in the present dearth of news, may perhaps be deemed worthy of a place in your paper. It does not attempt to depict the modern King-maker at full length, but the leading features are well preserved. It appears to be drawn by the hand of a master; and every one acquainted with the character of the extraordinary original, will immediately pronounce it to be a striking likeness.

"Possessed from nature of a restless and a bitious soul, he has let slip no opportunity of promoting his interests, and lifting himself up from the lowest rank of life. He has been the child of Fortune, and yet he has left nothing to Fortune that he could effect by his activity and his intrigues. He has triumphed over all his rivals: for in a military government, such as that in which he contended, the chief power often becomes the prize of the most daring and crafty, while other qualities are of no account. His unofficial mind incessantly revolves new schemes of ambition, which he discloses and prosecutes with the most consummate dissimulation. Order, and humanity, and good faith, are continually in his mouth; while in every step in his career, he tramples without regard on these sacred names. Though enthusiastically desirous of the character of a hero, he possesses no liberality of soul; and in all his transactions, in vain do we search for a noble and a generous deed. The cruelties he has committed; are of a new kind in this civilized age; the relation of them would fill the soul with horror. His abilities have occasionally called forth many praises, and much admiration; but a man that in his designs and actions, constantly disregards those principles of justice and uprightness, which regulate the conduct of other men, always appears to possess higher abilities than he actually has:—his actions, having no restraint or barrier, are prompt, for he consults only his power. But divested of principle, his wisdom is only craft, and his bravery is the daring of a robber. By some, he has been compared to the illustrious Caesar; but he has not the generous nature of that extraordinary man; and his military skill sinks into nothing, before the transcendent genius of the Dictator of Rome. It is difficult to find a resemblance of him, except we go to the countries of the East, where sometimes rise to view those disturbers of the peace of mortals, whose steps are marked by desolation, and in whose dark souls, no pleasing ray of humanity ever shines."

VIENNA, MAY 21.

According to private letters from Naples, Gaeta will be attempted by storm in a few days. This fortress, rightly called the little Gibraltar, holds out, and is likely to hold out a considerable time. In consequence of the answer which the Prince of Hesse returned to the last summons, the French have established five new redoubts; three against the fortress, and two against the gun boats, which have annoyed them considerably. The place has received very little injury from the French shells. For want of men, the garrison can make but few sorties, as its whole force does not consist of more than 800 troops of the line, about 1000 levy en masse, and two companies of artillery. The latter have lately been reinforced by about 400 artillery-men, a proof that King Ferdinand wishes the place to be defended. The suburb, which has proved an obstacle to the Governor's activity, has been levelled with the ground. His machine, as it is called, in the harbour, consists of eight launches, a frigate, and twelve sailing vessels, each of them carrying a four pounder, besides some other vessels, one of them a French privateer of 12 guns.

The Prince is upon the batteries the whole day, and sleeps there the greater part of the night. These batteries, elevated upon heaps of stones, are so very high, that it will be very difficult to enter them with scaling ladders. On the batteries, there are three lines, besides a fortification called a Sego. Other batteries cover the flanks of the place; and exclusive of these out-works,

the whole of the ground is mined; so that the entrance of the place, even by storm, must be attended with very great loss. As to starving it, that will be extremely improbable, as the present stock of provisions is respectable, and can always be increased as long as the sea remains open; besides, the Prince can effect his retreat by the same channel, whenever he may find it convenient. After the example of Gaeta, another little fortress in Ambuzzo, viz. Civitella del Fronio, continues to defend itself. It is situated upon the summit of a rock, and is defended by about 50 men, under an Irish Major, who was formerly in the service of the King of the two Sicilies.

SALEM, July 22.

Tornado.—On Thursday afternoon a heavy cloud, of threatening appearance, rose from the westward and passed on the eastward; the edge of it only touched this town and afforded us a gentle shower with very little wind. But in Beverly the rain was heavier, and the wind was extremely violent. Its principal strength seems to have extended from Beverly bridge to a little distance beyond the south meeting house, or the breadth of about half a mile. Within this space, its force was tremendous, the roof of the meeting house was started, and considerably injured. A three story dwelling house with brick ends, had four brick chimnies blown down, and the tenants at the bottom of the frame broken off: it is remarkable that another chimney, on a kitchen adjoining the house, which had a weak flaging, &c. about it, that might have been pulled over with the hand, stood unaffected, supposed to have been in the hollow of an eddy of wind which played round it, and passed over without its feeling any effect. A dwelling house of Mr. Herricks was unroofed.—A new house, just boarded, belonging to a Mr. Odlin was laid flat. A small floor of Mr. Page's, and a number of other small buildings, were blown down, and the planks of the bridge torn up, many trees were torn up by the roots, or twisted off by the trunk. Stalks of corn, &c. which were broken off, appeared as if cut with a knife, owing to the circular force of the wind. A chimney on one house was actually turned round by it. In the bay, the George Washington, then coming in, had a new sail torn to pieces in an instant, and many small vessels felt its force, but no material damage has been ascertained. The violence of the wind continued about five minutes, and the rain not much longer. Further eastward they had more rain, but less wind. We have not heard of its progress in any other places.

PETERSBURG, August 1st.

PROSPECTS—DREARY!

The period is not within our recollection when the wide face of nature presented to gloomy a spectacle, as at this moment—Vegetation appears to have lost its power of expansion, or to perform its functions so sluggishly, as to hold out the fear that it forgets to operate at all. In a ride that the editor took a day or two since (a distance of about 30 miles) he could not but observe the melancholy ravages of the present unheard of drought upon the crops of every species. The most favourable weather from this time can only secure to the farmer a moderate supply for his next year's subsistence, as all hopes of a "favourable crop" are irretrievably blasted. Nor is this mournful picture limited to a particular district—rumors from all quarters declare it to be every where, every where felt. We wait for the issue in painful anxiety.

(Intelligencer.)

The Virginia Gazette of Wednesday last says,— "We learn from Washington that Dispatches, of a hostile nature, have been received from Mr. MONROE, our Minister at the Court of London, and that it is said, Great-Britain refuses to come to any adjustment of our differences, in consequence of the energetic measures adopted by our government during the last Congress."

[Ibid.]

Extract of a letter from Abenstock, in Saxony, April 27.—The dreadful dearth and famine which distress our mountains, are particularly felt in our very populous town, where provisions are not abundant, and where 3000 inhabitants are crowded together in 400 small houses. One third is so exhausted by famine, that many of them who might earn something by their labour, are so reduced as to be unable to do any thing, and are obliged to submit to their rigorous fate.—Some relief which they received from time to time, from charitable persons in distant parts, retard the melancholy end of these unfortunate wretches, which is inevitable, unless God himself refuses them from their misery. The young people are most to be pitied; out of 500 children who attend the school, there are at least 100 who look like corpses. Most of them have not strength to go to school, they have no other sustenance but bread and potatoes, and those not in sufficient quantity.

CAUTION.

At a court of oyer and terminer, held at Batavia, for the county of Genesee, on the 30th of June ult. at which his honor Judge Livingston presided, a person of a suspicious appearance, who called himself William Richardson, was indicted and tried for counterfeiting and passing a twenty dollar bank note, of the Bank of the United States. Four other notes of the same impression were found with him. It appeared in evidence, that the prisoner, when apprehended for the forgery, declared that he had obtained these notes in different places, for teaching the art of clarifying whiskey. From an examination of the notes, and by comparing them with those that were genuine, it appeared very evident to the court, that they were forged. They had all been struck off from the same plate, and it appeared very improbable, that the prisoner should have obtained five twenty dollar notes of the same impression, in different places. The paper of the forged notes, is of a meaner quality, the impression much fainter, and the engraving executed in a more bungling manner than the genuine notes, though the signatures appear to be well executed. There was no doubt in the minds of the court, and of those who were present at the trial, that the prisoner was guilty; but the jury, going upon the principle, that crimes punishable with imprisonment for life, require absolute and positive proof, found him not guilty. As, however, it was universally acknowledged that the notes found upon this fellow were forged, and as it is highly probable that many others of the same kind are in circulation, it will be incumbent on the public to be cautious.—(Canandaigua Repor.)

MORE COUNTERFEITING.

Last Thursday, a fellow by the name of Jesse Richardson, of Cayuga, was committed to jail in this town, for passing counterfeit bills of the United States' Bank. On examination, five twenty dollar bills were found upon him, three of which he had concealed in one of his shoes; he had also passed two other bills of the same denomination in Geneva, near which place, he was apprehended. Not having seen the bills, we cannot describe them; but as this Richardson is brother to William Richardson, mentioned in our last, who was tried and acquitted at Batavia, (there not being testimony sufficiently positive to establish his guilt, but which no body doubted,) for passing counterfeit bills of the same bank and denomination, it is probable that they were all executed by the same hands.—There were also found with the prisoner, several letters of a suspicious nature, which, with other circumstances, leave no doubt of there being a numerous gang of counterfeiting villains in this, as well as other parts of the State.—(Ibid.)

Taken up by David Oliver, living in Jefferson county, near High's mill, one
BROWN BAY MARE,
three years old, both hind feet white, a small star on her forehead, no brand perceivable, about four feet six inches high. Appraised to nine pounds.—Also, one
BAY HORSE COLT
two years old, no brand, both hind feet white, a star in the forehead, four feet two inches high. Appraised to six pounds. RICH^d. LAFON, J. J. C. April 19, 1806.

Taken up by Michael Guiltner, living six miles from Paris, on Stoner, a
BAY HORSE,
about fifteen years old, thirteen and a half hands high, small star and snip, has three shoes on, has on a small bell. Appraised to twenty dollars. THOMAS HUGHES. May 8, 1806.

TAKEN UP

By Jeremiah Rodgers, living near the Kentucky river, and near Clay's Ferry, a Bay Horse, four years old, about fourteen hands high, branded on the near shoulder O, shed all round, and a hob tail. Appraised to sixty dollars.

Len. K. Bradley.

FROM Lexington about one mile where John Murphy now owns the foil, My place is on Boonborough road, Which is my permanent abode. My Horse-Mill is in good repair, And I'll attend the public there, I'll live them by night and by day, A little corn I'll take for pay.

By trade I am a Tailor too; I'm skill'd in fashions, old and new. If you will please to call and see, I doubt not but we will agree. 1806. JOHN MURPHY.



"True to his charge—
He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,
News from all nations lumbering at his back."

LLEXINGTON, AUGUST 25.

MELANCHOLY.

Saturday morning last Mr. John R. Shaw was blown up by the accidental explosion of a blast, which he was preparing to blow the rock in the well of Mr. Lewis Sanders, about two miles from this place. Mr. Shaw was mangled in a most shocking manner, and little hope is entertained of his recovery. Both of his arms are broken, one in two places—one leg shattered for several inches his skull fractured in the upper edge of his forehead, which occasioned trepanning, to extract the fractured bones—and his whole body one entire bruise. In this mangled condition, he lay near 15 minutes in the well, enveloped with mephitic air, before he could be taken out.

ON Saturday last Archibald Parker passed thro' this place, to have his trial for stealing a horse from Maj. Rhodes Thomson in Scott county. From his confession it appears he is connected with a company of horse thieves near this place.

On Wednesday the 20th August 1806, an elegant Barbecue was prepared by Capt. Banks, at the Olympian Springs, where upwards of 100 ladies and gentlemen, celebrated the anniversary of Gen. Wayne's victory over the Indians, in 1794, in the most animated and agreeable manner. The dinner was superb, harmony and sociability pervaded every breast, and joy appeared in every countenance.

Gen. Charles Scott presided.
Gen. John Adair, vice-president.
The following Toasts were drunk, and the evening closed with a sprightly dance.

1. The day we celebrate—This day twelve years ago, Gen. Wayne with the American legion, in conjunction with the Kentucky volunteers, under the command of Gen. Scott, gained a complete victory over the Savages, which was the basis of a permanent treaty, and secured peace to the people of the Western country.
2. The memory of the Heroes who fell on the 20th August, 1794.
3. The memory of the illustrious Gen. Washington, the father of his country and the friend of Mankind.
4. The memory of Gen. Wayne—May his military services during the American Revolution, and in the Indian war, be gratefully remembered.
5. The patriots and heroes of '76, who established our Independence; may their memories live forever.
6. The President of the U. S. the greatest statesman and philosopher of the age, under whose auspices we enjoy every blessing.
7. The Vice-President of the U. S.—The tried patriot and firm soldier.
8. James Madison, Secretary of State—May his merit be rewarded by the highest office in the gift of the people.
9. The United States of America united, firm, and free—May he who attempts to create parties and to divide her citizens, be spurned from society.
10. The State of Kentucky—May her citizens prove by their conduct, their attachment to the Union, and hold in utter detestation those who dare to calumniate them.
11. The Legislature and Executive of Kentucky—May wisdom and harmony pervade their councils, and their acts tend to the general good of their country.
12. May truth be supported, and falsehood detected; and may all calumniators be punished by the contempt of a discerning public.
13. The memories of those heroes, who lost their lives in establishing the first settlements of Kentucky.
14. Agriculture, manufactures, and commerce—May they ever be encouraged and protected by our citizens.
15. Captains Lewis and Clarke—Success attend their enterprise, and may their discoveries prove beneficial to our government.
16. The Olympian Springs—May the proprietor meet with that encouragement which his accommodations and attention, so justly merit; and may the uninterrupted harmony, and refined social intercourse enjoyed by its visitors, (upwards of 100 in number,) pervade every part of the State.
17. The Fair of Kentucky—Enlightened, virtuous and amiable—May each meet with a friend, qualified to appreciate her worth.

VOLUNTEERS.
After Gen. Scott had retired. Gen. Charles Scott—May his military services be duly appreciated while the world lasts.

After Gen. Adair retired. General Adair—A soldier, a statesman.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Street deprecates certificate men; doubtless, because no man of character can be got to certify for him. Those who communicate with him and his reputable associate, only do so at midnight—finken as their characters have been, they seem unwilling to sink them still lower, by avowing an association with Wood & Street.

No Burrism; No Federalism, say the Editors of the Western World. But are not their back-door associates, and warm friends, the cockade men and Federalists of 1798? and how does it happen that in whatever town they happen to visit, they scent out Federalism, wherever it may lurk.

The Western World and Ohio Herald afford a hopeful squad of Editors—falsehood and calumny are their most distinguishable characteristics.

The Ohio Herald has discovered that the principal characters charged with being concerned in the Spanish Conspiracy are Federalists—and it is proven in the same manner, that the ostensible Editor of the Herald is found to be a Democrat. The supposed Conspirators, with only one or two exceptions have been uniform Republicans, and the Janus-faced Editor once printed a Federal paper.

Alas! Poor Yorrick.

We copy the following concluding remarks on the appearance of the first No. of the Western World, from the Enquirer.

The accusations here insinuated, are of too serious a nature to be lightly believed or hastily developed. Whilst it is therefore our duty, to keep ourselves open for the examination of the evidence it is not less our duty to wait for its development. We shall consequently suspend the publication of this essay, until we can determine from the testimony which shall be hereafter adduced, whether it is worthy of serious notice. In the mean time it may be proper to submit what seems to be the evidence for and against these allegations?

PRO.
A letter of Mr. Brown to Judge Muter, published in the Kentucky Gazette of 1789.

An appeal to an interesting correspondence said to have taken place between General Washington and Colonel Marshall, which is said to be at present in the possession of Gen. John Marshall of this city.

An appeal to several living characters, particularly to Gov. Greenup; an interesting conversation between whom and one of the editors, is here described:

NEW-YORK, Aug. 2.
By the ship Oliver Ellsworth, Captain Bennet, arrived at this port last evening, we have been put in possession of London dates to the 18th of June, and of Liverpool to the 20th. The interesting trial of Lord Melville has terminated. His Lordship conducted himself with great dignity and firmness, and as soon as the acquittal was pronounced he bowed, and retired. His numerous friends then pressed round him, all eager to offer him their warmest congratulations, and an express was immediately sent off to Scotland with the intelligence.

By passengers in the Oliver Ellsworth, we learn, that the most prevalent opinion was, that a Peace would take place between Great Britain and France in the course of the summer, as pacific overtures from Bonaparte were under consideration.

Lord Selkirk, appointed ambassador to the United States, had taken leave of his government, to depart immediately for America.

No material changes appear to have taken place on the Continent since our last advices from that quarter. From the Observer of Sunday June 5, we have selected the following articles of Continental news:

Yesterday a bag of letters was received at the Post-Office from Holland, with some German Journals of later date than those transmitted by the late mails;—they have furnished

ed us with the following interesting intelligence.

An extensive promotion has taken place in the Prussian Army, a measure generally adopted at the commencement of war, of which it is now considered as indicative. Several fresh regiments have been ordered to join the Prussian army in Pomerania.

The Swedes are busied in constructing works along the River Pens, which divides Swedish Pomerania from Prussian Pomerania, and the Prussians who crowd the opposite bank, do not offer the least impediment. At Stralsund, the fortifications are completed; and a Militia, to the number of 5000 men, has been organized to assist in the defence of the place.

The Emperor of Germany has not yet appointed an Ambassador to Paris.—Count Metternich, now at Berlin, it is said, is to go thither, and to be placed at the Prussian Court by Count Merveldt, now employed in a secret mission to Peterburgh.

Lucien Bonaparte still lives at Frascati, near Rome, and has refused his eldest daughter (by his first wife) being sent to Paris, as Napoleon desired; declining also, the offer of the latter to obtain for her an advantageous marriage.

An English corps is stated to have landed at Cape de Istria, in the Adriatic.

The Archduke Charles has increased the organization of Volunteer Corps in Vienna, to the number of 20,000, and has encouraged similar associations in all the other cities of the empire. It is confidently stated that the Levy en Masse and Volunteers now occasionally assembling and training in Hungary, Bohemia, Austria, &c. amount to between four and five millions of men; while the most extraordinary and successful exertions are making to reinforce the army.

A letter from Rotterdam, which announces these measures, adds, that they become the subject of a strong remonstrance on the part of M. Rochefoucault, and an enquiry as to the occasion of them—to which Count Stadion replied, that they were considered necessary for the purpose of internal defence.

The French continued to the date of the last accounts from the Inn to be unremittingly employed in strengthening Brannau.—Three thousand of the neighboring peasantry had for three months been engaged on the works.

Baron Grote, late Prussian minister in Lower Saxony it is said, is to be the third Prussian Minister of State, in the room of Count Keller, who refuses to act with Count Haugwitz.

Baron Thugut has been recalled to Vienna.

The Duke of Brunswick, by an order dated the 9th May, has directed the levy of 60,000 dollars for the support of the Prussian troops in Hanover.

The Turkish fleet, under the orders of the Captain Pacha, sailed on the 1st April to cruise off the Morea and Albania; it consisted of one ship of the line, two frigates and six corvettes, and is to be followed by nine ships of the line and several frigates.

Lieut. Col. Hederstera, who, in the Swedish frigate Thetis, of 40 guns, commands the blockading squadron off Dantzic, officially notified the service on which he was employed on the 23d ult.

The Danish Marine, which has lately engaged the active consideration of its Government on the 1st ult. comprised eighty-three vessels of various denominations ready for sea.

The new Germanic constitution is the production of Bacher, the French Charge d'Affaires.

The King and Queen of Prussia had on the 3d ult. left Potsdam for Pymont, from whence they proceeded to Hanover.

The differences between Sweden and Prussia are likely to be soon adjusted, under the mediation of the Russian Ambassador, M. D'Alorens. Count Stackelberg has, however, the chief management of the negotiations now carrying on.

Yesterday accounts reached the Admiralty, respecting the French squadron which sailed from L'Orient on the 5th November, and which continued to the middle of March to cruise between Prince's Island and St. Thomas's, (on the coast of Africa) for the purpose of intercepting the outward bound diamen. The squadron consisting of an 84, two frigates, one brig, and one or two British captured vessels, having on the 12th March,

taken 24 vessels, mostly Guineamen.

The ship Mary Adams, was captured on the 12th February, on her passage from Acera to Cape Coast, by the Sybelle, one of the above frigates, after an action of two hours in which the Mary Adams had ten men killed and nine wounded, including all her officers. The squadron then ran down the coast, and off Benbar, then gave up the Mary to the prisoners, retaining only Mr. Atkinson, second mate of the Mary, whom they carried to Prince's Island, and on the 12th March gave him his parole. Mr. A. is arrived at Liverpool.

Yesterday a bag of letters arrived at the Post Office via Portsmouth, from Gibraltar. We have by this channel received advices from that Garrison to the 20th ult. at which period accounts had reached Gibraltar from Ragula to the middle of April contradicting the report of the Neutrality of that Republic, having been violated, either by the French or Russians.

Gen. Fox is to have the command of the British troops in Sicily, and to retain the Government of Gibraltar.—Sir J. Moore consequently goes out second in command.

A promotion of Admirals is spoken of as about to take place immediately. We understand that it is to include Capt. Stopford, who is the twenty-first on the Captains list.

FROM RICHMOND, July 30.

We learn from Washington, that dispatches of a hostile nature, have been received from Mr. Munroe, our Minister at the court of London, and that it is said, Great Britain refuses to come to any adjustment of our differences, in consequence of the energetic measures adopted by our Government during the last Congress. We also understand, that these dispatches have not been in the possession of Government for a few days, but for many weeks; and that the Editor of the National Intelligencer, in several of his late publications, has been preparing the public mind to expect a failure of the negotiation. In this paper, of the 14th inst. he says:—

"Although nothing has yet occurred to impair our expectations of an accommodation; it becomes us, standing upon the strong ground taken by the Legislature, to be prepared for a less favourable issue, should Britain, either from systematic error, or from the misrepresentations of parties among ourselves, refuse to acknowledge our indisputable rights. Let it be recollected, that in such an event, the act passed by Congress, is the first leading step in a system of measures, well calculated to awaken her from her delusive dreams; and that it was expressly adopted, as a measure equally fitted for producing a change in her conduct, or for standing as a part of our permanent system of commercial regulations."

To Booksellers & Store-keepers.
JACOB D. DETRICK,
Printer and Book-seller, Hagerstown, Maryland, has now in the press, his Washington or Hagerstown GERMAN ALMANAC, FOR 1807.

To be neatly printed on good paper, and will be well bound, and which are in great demand in the states of Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, and with which he will be happy to supply those persons who may want, on the very lowest terms, and will deliver them (free or expence) in Greencastle, Chambersburg, or Shippensburg, as may be required, from which places they can be forwarded to any part of the Western Country—those who will want are requested to give early information, mentioning what quantity, so that they may be forwarded as soon as finished.

N. B. Letters per post will receive immediate attention.

CLARKE CIRCUIT, July Term, 1806.
Stephen Strode, Complainant, against Jacob Starns, &c. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.
On the motion of the Complainant by his counsel, and it appearing to satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Starns, is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth. On the motion of the Complainant, It is ordered, That the said Defendant do appear here on the third day of our next October Term, and answer the Complainant's bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for eight weeks successively.

A Copy.
Teste,
SAMUEL M. TAYLOR—c.c.c.

NOTICE.
My wife, Fanny Harris, having left me without any just cause, I hereby forewarn all persons from crediting, or paying her money on any account, as I am resolved to pay no debts of her contracting after this date. And any person who may harbour, receive, or remove her, shall be dealt with as the law directs.

THOMPSON HARRIS.
August 20th, 1806.

NOTICE.
My wife, Fanny Harris, having left me without any just cause, I hereby forewarn all persons from crediting, or paying her money on any account, as I am resolved to pay no debts of her contracting after this date. And any person who may harbour, receive, or remove her, shall be dealt with as the law directs.

THOMPSON HARRIS.
August 20th, 1806.

All persons are forewarned from trading for, or taking an assignment on a bond given by me to Henry Campbell, of Bedford county, Virginia, in 1801 or 1802, as I am determined not to pay it until I have a settlement with said Campbell—the principal part of said bond has been paid.

SAMUEL PRYOR.
Scott county, August 23, 1806.

217 Acres of first rate LAND—For Sale.
Lying on the road leading from Lexington to Georgetown, one mile and a half from Georgetown, 80 or 90 acres of cleared land, which is well enclosed and in good repair for farming; a handsome young apple orchard, a handsome house not finished, a good barn and other necessary buildings, which will be sold on moderate terms. For particulars apply to the subscriber living on the premises.

*3^d Richard Cave.

SPORTING.
WILL be run over the Winchester course, on the second Thursday in October next, a PURSE RACE of three mile heats, free for any horse, mare, or gelding. And on the next day, a purse of two mile heats, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, not more than four years old last spring. Entrance each day, Five Dollars. For further information, apply to Geo. Webb, Winchester, who holds the subscription and terms of the race.

Winchester, 19th Aug. 1806.

FOR SALE.
THE valuable Merchant, Grist and Saw MILLS, with a DISTILLERY and fifty eight acres of first rate LAND, on which there are three never failing springs, formerly known by the name of Durbin's mills, two miles below Paris, in Bourbon county. One half of the purchase will be taken in suitable produce. For further particulars apply to J. W. Baylor, living on the premises, or the subscriber.

3^d G. W. Baylor.

NOTICE.
That on the 27th of July, Willis Cannon, an apprentice about 19 years of age, made his elopement from my service, living in Scott county, on Cherry run, therefore I forewarn all persons of harbouring him on the peril of penalty, and any person delivering said boy to me shall receive 25 cents reward.

ENOCH BARLOW.
August 14, 1806.

TO LET.
The well known commodious Stone House,
(At present occupied by Capt. MAURICE LANGHORE as a TAVERN.)
Situat on High street in PARIS. Will be let for a term of years, on reasonable terms, if application is made, before the first day of November next. This house is well calculated for a

2

TAVERN.
having four rooms and an entry on the lower floor, and an elegant ball room and bedchambers on the second floor. There is attached to the house, a back building, well adapted to the accommodation of a family—a good kitchen, with a well of water convenient to it—a handsome garden spot, now under cultivation—a good smoke house, dairy and other out houses—also a large stable, with a grainer adjoining it. A good cook and a careful outler will be hired with the house—Possession to be given on the first day of December next.

—A.L.S.—
Two other HOUSES with a number of OUT LOTS,
Will be let on good terms, for several years—One of the houses adjoins the public square—very well calculated for a store and a family—has a kitchen, and garden.—The other HOUSE is suitable for a mechanic.

Several of the lots adjoining the public square, will be leased for a term of years, for improvements to be made on them.

ANNE DUNCAN.
Paris August 8th 1806

THOMAS HICKEY, TAILOR.
Main Cross Street, Lexington, opposite Mr. Bain's new Brick House—

OFFERS his services to his friends and the public—flatters himself that from his long experience in the principal cities of Europe, and being lately from Philadelphia, will enable him to give general satisfaction. He pretumes that specimen of his abilities will suffice for any thing more he might say. Ladies' habits and great coats made in the first fashion.

N. B. One or two apprentices, well recommended, wanted immediately. 6m

NOTICE.
Those gentlemen who have borrowed Surgeon's instruments from Doctor Samuel Brown, while he resided in Lexington, are requested to return the same as quick as possible, to Doctor Eliza Warfield, now in Lexington.

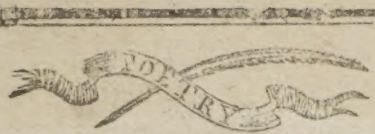
June 20, 1806. tf.

Montgomery county (so writ.)
John Roberts, one of the Commonwealth's justices of the peace for said county, to the sheriffs, mayors, bailiffs, constables and headboroughs within the Commonwealth of Kentucky,

WHEREAS, complaint is made to me this day, upon oath of James S. McGowan, jailor of said county, that THOMAS WELCH, labourer, who was lately committed to the jail of said county of Montgomery, by warrant from James Turley, a justice of the peace for the said county, on suspicion of felony, did, on the 14th of this instant, forcibly escape from the said jail, and is now going at large. There are therefore in the name of the commonwealth, to require you, and every of you, in your respective counties, bailiys, towns and precincts, to make diligent search by way of hue and cry, for the said Thomas Welch, and him having found, to seize and retake, and safely convey, or cause him to be conveyed to the jail of the said county of Montgomery, there to be kept until he shall be thence discharged by due course of law. Given under my hand this 16th day of August, 1806.

John Roberts.

2



"TO SOAR ALOFT ON FANCY'S WING."

STANZAS,
BY THOMAS MOORE,
TRANSLATOR OF ANACREON.

Come, tell me where the maid is found,
Whose heart can love without deceit,
And I will range the world around,
To light one moment at her feet.

Oh! tell me, where's her fainting home,
What air receives her blessed sigh,
A pilgrimage of years I'll roam
To catch one sparkle of her eye!

And if her cheeks be rosy bright,
While truth within her bosom lies,
I'll gaze upon her morn and night,
Till my heart leave me through my eyes!

Show me on earth a thing to rare,
I'll own all miracles are true;
To make one maid sincere and fair,
Oh! 'tis the utmost Heaven can do!

"TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR"

The Trafalgar garters are much worn
By the belles. The mottoes well known
"England expects every MAN to do his duty."

TAKEN UP

By William Morgan, in Nelson county, near the mouth of Beaver creek, a Bay Mare, judged three years old, thirteen hands three inches high, branded on the near shoulder, but not legible; a small white in the forehead, a white spot on the neck, and several on the body. Appraised to \$1.00. This 16th day of June, 1866.

Travis Davis, j.p.c.

BAST & YOUNG, COPPER & TIN SMITHS,

Respectfully informs the public, that they have just received from Baltimore, an elegant assortment of Copper and Tin, &c. They still continue at Danville, and at Shelbyville, as heretofore—making all sizes of kettles, boilers, hats, and wash kettles, tea, stew and glue kettles, sauce pans, rum pumps and gauges, &c. Also, all sorts of tin ware, by wholesale or retail, very low for cash.

N. B. The subscribers inform the public, that they have also, commenced the Brass Foundry business, opposite Mr. Logan's Currying Shop, Main Street, Lexington, under the firm of ALTE, &c. They intend making and having on hand, a constant supply of fashionable And-irons and Candles-Sticks, Rivets and Still-Cocks, &c. Copper-smiths in the western country may be supplied with the above articles on better terms than they can import them. Old brass and copper will be taken in exchange—Cash given for pewter, brass and copper.

August 14, 1866.

NOTICE.

The public is cautioned against taking an assignment on a BOND, given by me to John C. Owens, for \$1000, bearing date 22 September, 1864, and \$400 payable in Hemp, on the first day of April, 1865, and the residue payable the first of April, 1866, in Tobacco; which bond I executed for the payment of land, purchased of said John C. Owens, that has not been conveyed to me agreeably to contract, therefore I am determined not to pay until compelled by law.

William Riley

Clarke county, August 17th, 1866.

Woodford County.

Taken up by William Walker, near Scott's Ware-house, a BAY MARE with a young COLT—The mare has a small snip on her nose, the near hind foot white, no brand, fourteen hands high, five years old, appraised to \$1.00.

May the 5th, 1866.

Lexington WARM & COLD BATHS.

THE public are respectfully informed, that I have, at considerable expense, in addition to my former Baths, (on a permanent spring on my premises) erected three new Bathing Houses, one of which is solely set apart for the Ladies' use.

The use of Baths, warm and cold, were so general with the ancients, and particularly in warm climates, and the advantages to be derived from them, not only to persons in health as a luxury, but also in various acute diseases, where excruciating pain has been relieved, and sudden death often prevented, by the use of the warm bath alone; as well as the advantages to be derived both to children and persons of mature age, from the use of one or the other, as the faculty may think adapted to their case, will, the subscriber trusts, ensure the countenance and support of the citizens and others to the accommodation he hopes his baths may afford. Himself and attendants, will, from day-break 'til nine at night, wait on gentlemen; and careful female servants are provided to attend at all times on such ladies as may be pleased to encourage the attempt he has made to add to their convenience and comfort.

G. A. WEBER.

N. B. Dr. Buchanan, in England, and Count Rumford, a native of our own country, with numerous other writers of eminence, have fully set forth the advantages of Warm and Cold bathing; that the reading of their works, is presumed, will be amply sufficient to ensure remuneration to the owner, for the expenses incurred in the present undertaking.

Persons may pay each time of bathing, or engage for the season.
Lexington, 3d June 1866.



TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL.

Elegance combined with Utility, in
Willis's New Fashioned
SHOES.

In ancient times the bards foretold.
The rhyming trade would ne'er grow old—
'Tis true in these more modern times,
Mechanics manufacture rymes;
Murphy and Shaw have tried their part
To imitate the rhyming art.
And WILLIS in these rhyming times
Must surely weave a web of rhymes—
Ladies here I beg to mention,
(Claimants of his first attention)
Handsome shoes in every part,
Is Willis's master piece of art—
He shoes does make, which Queens might
handle.

The neatly plain, the brilliant spangle,
Improves new fashions as they rise,
And makes some spangled shoes with ties.
Cockat boots, and fair tops too,
Made neater here than any shoe,
All sorts and sizes well assorted,
Made of leather, the best imported,
And now to tell you where he lives,
And strict attention there he gives,
To orders sent both far and near,
He'll fit you well you need not fear:
Main Street, next door to neighbor Noel,
Those who know this, possess a jewel;
But not to make description fainter,
Tis opposite Mentelle the painter;
Adjoining the shop of Aaron Woodruff,
Who makes you shoes quite good enough.
To tell you this, my mind did labor
'Whed not be friendly with a neighbor.
If ladies lend a pattern shoe,
He'll make them neatly to fit you.
Believing this the best expedient,
He now remains their most obedient.

RICHARD WILLIS,
Lexington August 18, 1866.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers to rent the Tavern TRAVELLER'S HALL, for one year or a longer term, or to sell it for \$25,000 payable in the following way, viz:
Cash paid down, \$4000
Negroes, store goods, cordage, tobacco, salt, iron, or horses paid down, or approved indorsed notes at a short date, 3000
Land in the vicinity of Lexington, The balance in eight equal annual payments, with interest from the date, or four equal annual payments of half cash and half approved produce, with interest from the date, 17,000
\$25,000

N. B. Any person who rents or purchases, may have the refusal of the furniture and stock of Liquors at a reasonable rate.

Robert Bradley.

Lexington, May 16, 1866.

FRESH & GENUINE MEDICINES.

Just received from Philadelphia, the following articles, viz:

Rhubarb, root and powder	Spirits of wine,
Jalap in powder,	Spirits of lavender,
Columba root & powder,	1 measure of myrra,
Squills root,	Gold tincture,
Turmeric root,	Balsam demalthea,
Ipecacuanha powder,	British oil,
Cinnamon bark,	Beetleman's drops,
Cloves and mace,	Medicamentum,
Sugar candy,	Oil of ammon,
Magnesia, white	Balsam copiva,
Sai borax,	Venice turpentine,
Camphor,	Oil of Spike,
Assafetida,	Oil of Laurin,
Gum arabic,	Ess. of peppermint,
Gum tragacanth,	Theriacal,
G in opium,	steers opodeldock,
Gums of various kinds	Fly stone,
English saffron,	Essence of lemon,
Sai armoniac,	Ess. of burgnat
Cremor tartar,	Juniper oil,
Flores sulphur,	Castor oil,
Aqua fortis,	White vitriol
Oil of vitriol,	Gum shalac & copal
Elixer of vitriol,	Eye water of superior
Lavender compound,	quality
Laudanum,	Fish berries
Tincture of rhubarb,	Manna flag
Tincture of cantharides,	Best red arenotta for
Venerical pills,	dyeing
Anti-bilious pills,	Red precipitate mer-
Anderson's pills,	cury
Lemon peel,	Crude mercury
Camomile flowers,	Calomel
Imported senna,	Barks
Aloes,	Balsam of Peru
Blue vitriol,	Liquorice root
Quill bark,	Rose water
Sugar of lead,	Orange peel
Sweet oil by the bottle	Gentian root
Spirits of turpentine	Figs of the first quali-
by the bottle	ty 2s. 3d per lb.
	Raisins 2s. 6d. per lb

With a number of other articles, too tedious to mention, all of which will be sold at a low rate for cash, wholesale and retail. I will sell the whole furniture with the medicine, to any person inclining to purchase.

J. M. SCHAWG.

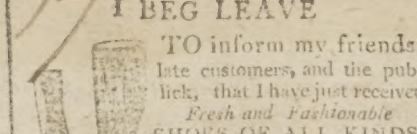
Opposite Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, Main Street, Lexington.

N. B. DR. J. M. SCHAWG, cures ruptures effectually without an incision, he also cures the tooth ach effectually when the tooth is hollow, never to return to the same tooth. He gives his assistance in the various diseases incident to the human body, in the practice of Physic and Surgery.

July 22, 1866.

Taken up by Thomas Connel, living in Bourbon county, on Taylor's creek, a Black Mare,
Five years old, fourteen hands three inches high, a small star in her face, and a white spot on her nostril, the left hind foot white as high as the middle of the leg—has with her a brown horse colt, with a star in his face, both appraised to \$2.00. Given under my hand this 3d of May, 1866.

SAMUEL DONNEL, j.p.



I BEG LEAVE

TO inform my friends, late customers, and the public, that I have just received Fresh and Fashionable SHOES OF ALL KINDS, For sale at my Boot and Shoe Store, on Short street, next door to Mr. Keiser's tavern, and nearly opposite the Market-House, Lexington, to wit:
Men's fine and coarse Shoes,
Boys' fine and coarse do.
Ladies leather Slippers, at 6s. 6d. a pair,
do. Fancy Kid Shoes,
do. Kid, with heels and spring heels, of all colours,
do. Spangled and plain Kid of all colours,
do. Spangled and plain Morocco Slippers of all colours,
Misses Kid and Morocco Slippers,
Childrens' Morocco of all colours and Leather Jeffersons, &c. &c.
The above articles I warrant to be as good as ever came to the state, or made in the United States; as I have none but picked work, I do not want to flatter the public with an advertisement, as the work will show for itself.

MORRIS SKINS of all colours, Leather, Shoe binding of all colours, and Shoe Strings, Cork Soles, and Black Ball of a superior quality—also, a few pair SKATES.

A L S O,
Madeira and Sherry Wines,
Jamaica Rum, French Brandy,
Lime Juice,
Coffee, Tea and Sugar,
Indigo, Madder, Copperas,
Ginger, Pepper, Cinnamon and Cloves,
Salmon, Mackerel and Herring.
Which I intend to sell at reduced prices.

William Ross.

June 30, 1866.

STOLEN

From my stable lot, in Lexington, on the night of the 17th current, a dark Bay horse, supposed to be about fifteen hands high, and eight or nine years old, with a few white hairs on his forehead, his mane inclining to the left side, rather a short tail, and some white hairs just above the left ham, appearing to have been occasioned by a rope tied round it, no brands recollected.

I will satisfy any person amply who will deliver me the horse, or give such information that I get him—and will give 20 dollars reward for apprehending the thief.

J. BLEDSOE.

Lexington, July 23, 1866.

State of Kentucky, ss.

Mason Circuit Court, May term 1866.

John Edgar, complainant,

against

Peter Laban, defendant,

IN

CHANCERY.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of the next September term, and answer the complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some authorized paper of Kentucky, for eight weeks successively.

A copy. Teste,

WALK. REED, D. CL.

LOFTUS NOEL,

TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Lexington and the Public in general, that he has commenced business in the House lately occupied by Mij. Morrison, (on Short Street,) where he intends to pursue the same in all its various branches, and hopes from his knowledge of the above business, with the strictest attention and a desire to please, to merit a share of public patronage. Ladies and Gentlemen, who will be so obliging as to favour him with their custom, may rely on having their work done in the most fashionable and best manner, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

N. B. One or two Apprentices will be taken to the above business.

The Subscriber has for sale an excellent Coach with Harness, on low terms For Cash.

KENTUCKY,

Fayette Circuit Court, June Term, 1866

William Touch Complainant,

Thomas Higgins, &c. Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the complainant by his counsel—it is ordered, that James Adam and Lucy his wife, be made defendants in this cause; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants Benjamin Turner, and the said James Adam and Lucy his wife, are not inhabitants of this commonwealth—On the motion of the complainant by his counsel—it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the third day of our next September term, and answer the complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken for confessed, and that this order be inserted in some authorized paper according to law.

A Copy. Atteste,

THOS. BODLEY, c. f. c. c.

TWENTY DOLLARS RE-

WARD.

On the 30th of June at night, my

shop was broken open, and two valuable

SILVER WATCHES

taken out; one of them capped with silver, maker's name, George Edwin, London, No. 423, a small chip out of the face at the figure 6; the other a common size watch, with a black silk chain and brass key; the paper in the case stained by being wet, some marks of rust on the balance wheel, the name and number not known. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver said watches to me in Lexington.

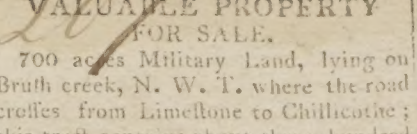
Edw. West.

Taken up by John Aldeander, in the county of Clarke, on the waters of Dew Creek, one

BAY HORSE,

about sixteen hands high, no brand perceptible, no white about him except a few hairs in the forehead, judged to be four years old last spring, the end of his tail where he was docked is very large. Appraised to \$3.00 dollars.

June 23, 1866.



VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Bruff creek, N. W. T. where the road crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder is well timbered; has on it a good mill seat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood, about three miles from Dunham's Town, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Bruff creek, a few miles from New Market, N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, Kentucky, part of two tracts, containing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky, part of a tract of eight thousand acres, surveyed and patented for Richard Chinnorvorth.

3332 2-3 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, part of 5000 acres, surveyed and patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, surveyed and patented for Moody and M'Millin.

1000 acres Military land, on the waters of Russell's creek, Green river.

325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentucky, about four miles from Louisville, 40 acres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Kentucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn, about six miles from Frankfort; on the tract are considerable improvements.

A fine and well improved Lot in the town of Paris, on Main Street, nd adjoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in said town.

Also a House and well improved Lot in this place.

The above described property will be sold for CASH, HEMP and TOBACCO, or on giving bond with good security, a considerable credit may be had. For further particulars enquire of Andrew F. Price, attorney in fact for (to the subscriber).

JOHN JORDAN JUN

Lexington Kentucky.

January 13, 1863.

FOR SALE.

A GREAT bargain may be had in that handsome tract of land whereon I now live, of 455 acres, lying on David's fork of Elkhorn, in Fayette county, eight miles from Lexington. There is about 120 acres of open land, the dwelling house is of brick, two stories, 47 by 22, finished off in a neat plain manner; two grist mills in good repair, having lately been built anew, the dam and all the under work of the mills are of locust timber, and the mill are allowed to grind faster than any mills in that quarter, one pair of stones are Freer Burr; there are two good log houses at the mills, and a distillery likewise convenient thereto, the springs and stock water were never known to fail, the springs being equal to any in the country. As I wish to sell for cash I mean to offer a great bargain, I will take four pounds per acre cash, selling the whole together, or I will divide it as may best fit the purchaser, as it lies well to divide. But the improvements at a very moderate price and the land will not be six dollars per acre, any person who will view the place, will be convinced that it is the greatest bargain that has been sold, or offered for sale, in this quarter of the country. Any person wishing to purchase, can view the premises, by applying to the subscriber living thereon. I will sell the stud horse.

LAMPLIGHTER;

It is well known that his figure and blood is equal to any horse in the State, and as a foal, is in as high repute as any other horse known of—I will take 1000 dollars for him, and that he would make in one season, in different parts of this State, his colts being a much approved of, it being generally allowed that no horse ever stood in this part of the country, whose colts were so universally approved of, or had so few sorry colts among them.

August 1, 1866.

JOHN ROGERS.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

May Term, 1866.

Thomas Tule Complainant,

against

James Twineham & others Defendants

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant Twineham not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to the act of assembly and rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth: On the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that he do appear here on the third day of the next August Term, and answer the complainant's bill;—That a copy of this order be forthwith inserted for eight weeks successively, in some one of the Gazettes of this State.

A copy.

THO: ARNOLD, Clk.

KENTUCKY,

Fayette Circuit Court, June Term, 1866.

Alberts Bright, Samuel M'Gehee, & John M'Gehee,

complainants,

against

Thomas English, defendant,

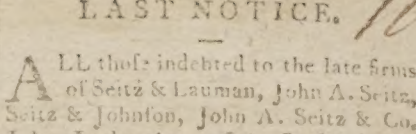
ON Motion, leave is given the parties to make James M'Gehee, a complainant, and leave is also given the complainants to amend their bill, which amendment was accordingly filed; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next September term, and answer the complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken for confessed, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper agreeable to law.

A copy.

Atteste, Thos. Bodley, c. f. c. c.

WILSON'S GRAMMAR,

For sale at this office.



LAST NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late firms of Seitz & Lauman, John A. Seitz, Seitz & Johnson, John A. Seitz & Co., John Jordan jun., John Jordan junior & Co. and John & William Jordan, are requested to come forward immediately and pay off their respective accounts to CURTIS FIELD, who is hereby duly authorized to receive the same. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest assured, that indulgence will not be given beyond the first of March, when suits will be indiscriminately instituted.

J. Jordan jr.

N. B.—TOBACCO, HEMP,

and HOGS' LARD, will be received at the market price, in payment.

J. J.

Lexington, January 28, 1865.

BLUE DYING.

Mrs. KEISER, takes this method of informing the public, that she has commenced the Blue Dying business, next door below Mr. Hutton, the saddler, where she will dye cotton, yarn, and thread, or any kind of home made cloth, which she will warrant to stand its color, as the dyer with hot dye, she will dye the above articles as cheap as they can be done any where in Lexington and receive produce in payment.

February 25, 1866.

JOSEPH GRAY,

HAS removed his Store to the stone house, opposite Samuel & George Trotters, lately occupied by Messrs. Hart & Bartlett; and has just received, in addition to his former assortment, a very elegant supply of

GOODS,

which will be sold cheap for Cash.

Lexington, March 5, 1866.

FOR SALE,

A Very excellent WAGON, with

five Geers and the fifth chain, in complete order. Enquire of the printer.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO WOMAN, and two promising CHILDREN. Enquire of the

subscriber, in Lexington.

Henry Purviance.

July 3d, 1866.

FOR SALE FOR CASH,

A Likely Young Negro Man.

That is active, strong and healthy. Enquire at this office.

July 26, 1866.

I LEAVE FOR SALE,

A truly house woman, thirty two

years of age, and of good constitution, an excellent cotton spinner, and sews and knits well. Price \$80.

MATTHEWS FLOURNOY.

Fayette county, July 29, 1866.

TANNER'S OIL

THE subscribers have for sale, a few barrels of TANNER'S OIL, of a superior quality.

P. TEISER & SON.

Lexington, July 31st, 1866.

THE STAGE

For the Olympian Springs,

VILL leave Maj. WAGNON'S in Lexington, every Monday morning, and return on Saturday. The Stage is now furnished with excellent horses, and a good careful driver.

G. BANKS.

Olympian Springs, July 5, 1866.

J. BLEDSOE.

Has fixed his residence in Lexington.

HE will continue to practice Law in the Circuit Courts, which he has heretofore attended; in the Court of Appeals and the Federal Court at Frankfort.—His office is the one late occupied by Mr. James Hughes. He means to be punctual in the discharge of his professional duties.